

# SATCOM WEATHER

## Link quality parameters in VSAT networks for effective operation and for weather monitoring

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# VSATs (very small aperture terminals)



## Motivation

- The business of Satellite- and Satellite-Network-Operators is challenged by the competition with terrestrial services and by the trend in TV consumption towards streaming
- SatcomWeather was initiated to support VSAT operators optimizing service and network operation
- Hundreds of millions of measured VSAT signals and throughput records are available

## Benefits

- Classification of individual stations
- Evaluation of network problems
- Weather monitoring or complementing weather measurements

# VSAT network

Data from the broadband network of Avanti plc

## Downlink Frequency Range

Forward	<b>19.7 - 20.2 GHz</b>
Return	<b>18.1 - 19.7 GHz</b>
Active Return Transponders	<b>2</b>
Return Channel Bandwidth	<b>120 MHz per beam</b>
Polarisation	<b>Circular</b>

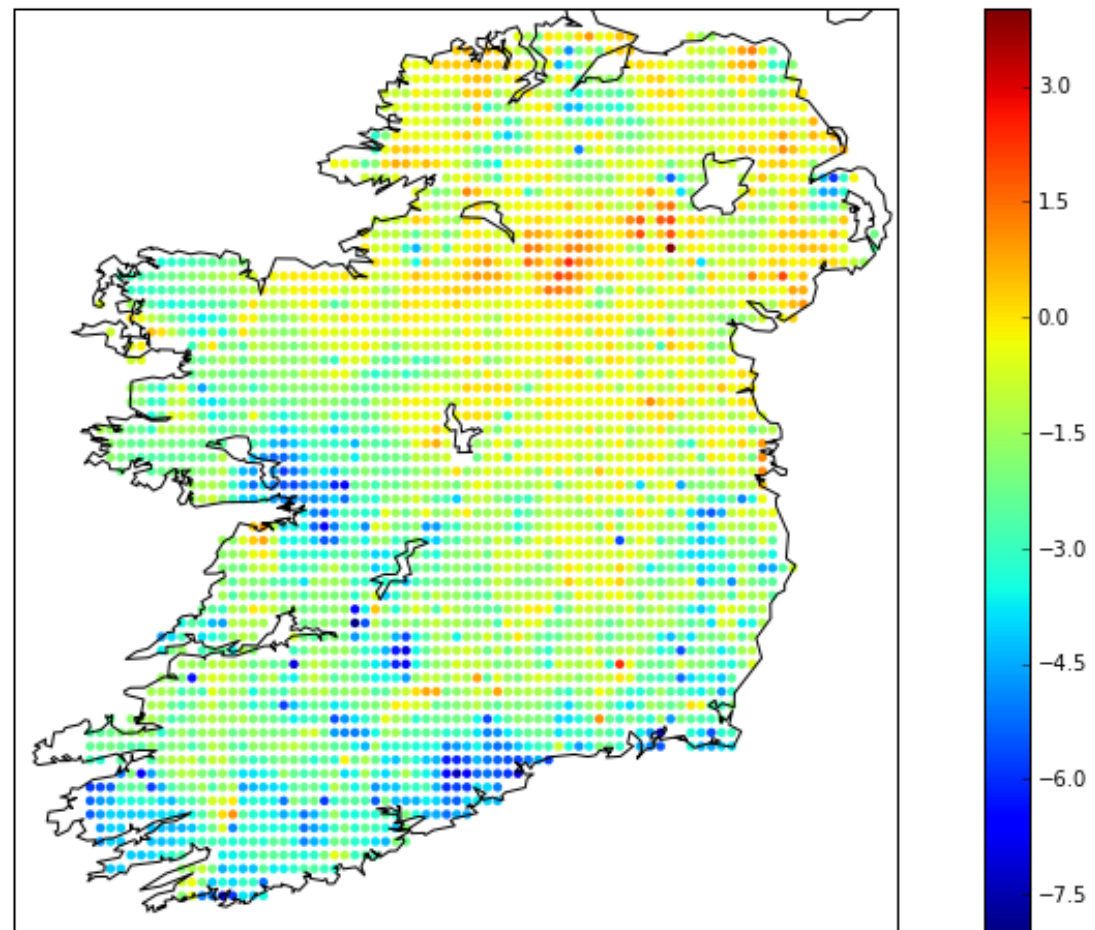


VSAT with 74 cm dish size: the typical ground terminal antenna



Indoor modem

# Signal- / Weather maps



Source:  
**F. Teschl, V. Eder, L. Costa,**  
**S. Amberger, O. Koudelka**  
 67th International Astronautical  
 Congress (IAC), Guadalajara,  
 Mexico, 26-30 September 2016

Close

HYLAS 1

**HYLAS 1**

Pos: 33.5° West

Azi: 220.11°

242.98°

Ele: 23.32°

11.32°

**CHOOSE SATELLITE**

## Conclusions

- The pointing of each station needs to be understood and is - in combination with the daily satellite movement - the dominant clear-sky signal effect
- The analyses have the potential to provide not only useful information to VSAT operators but also for weather monitoring or for operationally complementing radar or rain gauge measurements



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